

Anti-Human FAB

Catalog No. 160013

Overview

Gator™ Anti-Human FAB biosensors are useful for the quantitation or kinetic characterization of hlgG antibodies, hlgG F(ab) fragments, or hlgG F(ab')₂ fragments and their respective antigens. The proprietary surface chemistry allows for high-capacity immobilization of hlgG antibody or antibody fragments expressing the CH1 domain. Following immobilization, users can quantify hlgG antibody/antibody fragments of interest or determine the k_{ON} , k_{off} , and K_D of the binding interaction between hlgG/human antibody fragments and their antigen.

Materials required

Anti-Human FAB	Catalog No. 160013
Max Plate	Catalog No. 130062
Black Plate	Greiner 655209
Q Buffer	Catalog No. 120010
K Buffer	Catalog No. 120011

Storage

Store at room temperature in the foil pouch, ensuring zipper is fully sealed to avoid humidity/ moisture contamination. In high-humidity environments, storage inside a dry cabinet is recommended.

General Applications

Quantitation and/or Kinetic studies of human antibody or human F(ab), or F(ab')₂ fragments.

General Methods

Sample Volume

Black Plate: 200 μ L (180 μ L minimum)
Max Plate: 250 μ L (280 μ L maximum)

Pre-wet Conditions

250 μ L assay buffer in Max Plate
10 min at 1000 rpm

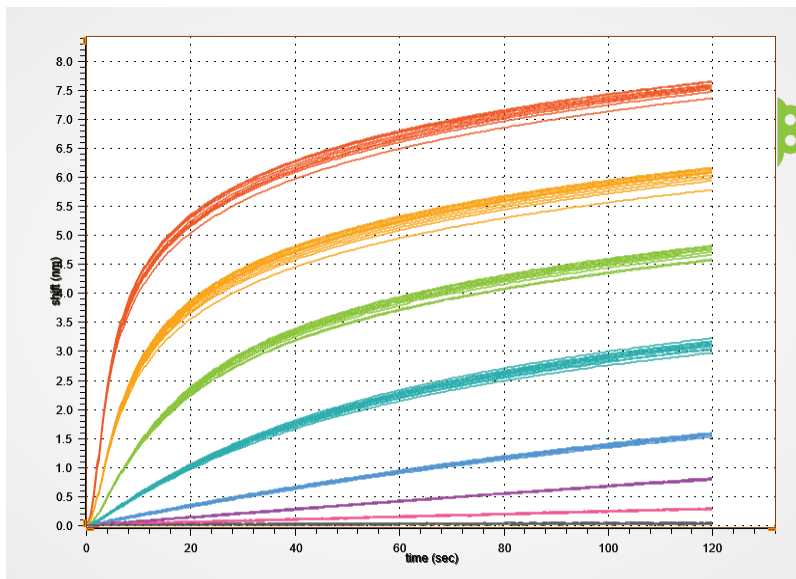


Figure 1: Following a 10 min 1000 rpm pre-wet in our quantitation buffer, hlgG was loaded onto anti-human FAB biosensors over a range of concentrations (0.1 - 3000 μ g/mL) for 20 rounds of regenerations.

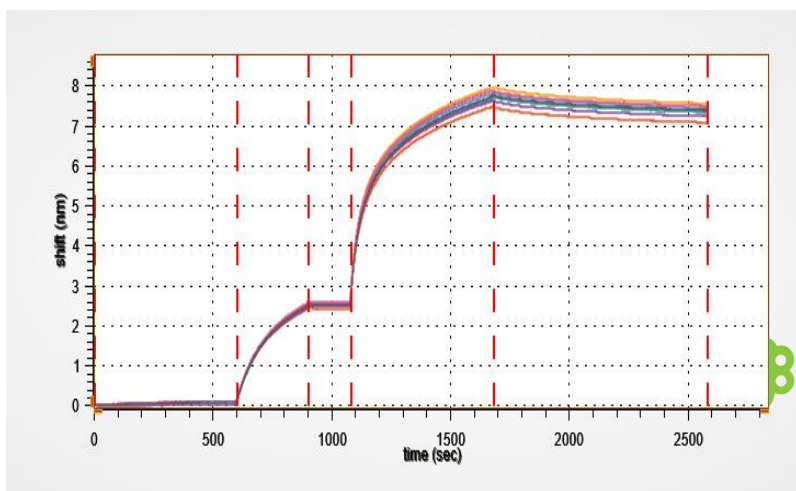


Figure 2: Following pre-wet equilibration (10 min at 1000 rpm) in K Buffer, hlgG was loaded onto anti-human FAB biosensors, then exposed to association and dissociation of 200 nM polyclonal goat anti-human F(ab')₂ antibody. Global-fit analysis using Gator Bio™ software for the hlgG binding interaction with anti-hlgG F(ab')₂ resulted in $K_D = 6.47E-10M$.

Tips for Optimal Performance

For the best performance, it is recommended to regenerate the probes using Regeneration Buffer - No Salt (Cat No. 120008) prior to use.